

# Peruvian Computing Society (SPC)

School of Computer Science Sillabus 2021-I

#### 1. COURSE

MA203. Statistics and Probabilities (Mandatory)

# 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

**2.1** Credits : 4

2.2 Theory Hours: 2 (Weekly)2.3 Practice Hours: 2 (Weekly)2.4 Duration of the period: 16 weeks2.5 Type of course: Mandatory2.6 Modality: Face to face

**2.7 Prerrequisites** : MA100. Mathematics I.  $(1^{st} \text{ Sem})$ 

### 3. PROFESSORS

Meetings after coordination with the professor

# 4. INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE

It provides an introduction to probability theory and statistical inference with applications, needs in data analysis, design of random models and decision making.

# 5. GOALS

- An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.
- An ability to identify, formulate, and solve real problems.

# 6. COMPETENCES

- a) An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science. (Usage)
- j) Apply the mathematical basis, principles of algorithms and the theory of Computer Science in the modeling and design of computational systems in such a way as to demonstrate understanding of the equilibrium points involved in the chosen option. (Assessment)

#### 7. SPECIFIC COMPETENCES



#### 8. TOPICS

Unit 1: Variable Type (6)		
Competences Expected: C1		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
• Variable Type: Continuous, discrete	<ul> <li>Classify the relevant variables identified according to their type: continuous (interval and ratio), categorical (nominal, ordinal, dichotomous).</li> <li>Identify the relevant variables of a system using a process approach.</li> </ul>	
Readings: [MRo14], [Men14]		

Unit 2: Descriptive Statistics (6)		
Competences Expected: C1		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Central Tendency (Mean, median, mode)</li> <li>Dispersion (Range, standard deviation, quartile)</li> <li>Graphics: histogram, boxplot, etc.: Communication ability.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use central tendency measures and dispersion measures to describe the data gathered.</li> <li>Use graphics to communicate the characteristics of the data gathered.</li> </ul>	
Readings : [MRo14], [Men14]		

Topics  Learning Outcomes  • Determination of the sample size  • Confidence interval  • Type I and type II error  • Distribution type  • Hypothesis test (t-student, means, proportions and ANOVA)  • Relationships between variables: correlation, regression.	Unit 3: Inferential Statistics (6) Competences Expected: CS2		
<ul> <li>Determination of the sample size</li> <li>Confidence interval</li> <li>Type I and type II error</li> <li>Distribution type</li> <li>Hypothesis test (t-student, means, proportions and ANOVA)</li> <li>Relationships between variables: correlation, regres-</li> <li>Propose questions and hypotheses of interest.</li> <li>Analyze the data gathered using different statistical tools to answer questions of interest.</li> <li>Draw conclusions based on the analysis performed.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Confidence interval</li> <li>Type I and type II error</li> <li>Distribution type</li> <li>Hypothesis test (t-student, means, proportions and ANOVA)</li> <li>Relationships between variables: correlation, regres-</li> </ul>	Topics	Learning Outcomes	
Readings: [MRo14], [Men14]	<ul> <li>Confidence interval</li> <li>Type I and type II error</li> <li>Distribution type</li> <li>Hypothesis test (t-student, means, proportions and ANOVA)</li> <li>Relationships between variables: correlation, regression.</li> </ul>	• Analyze the data gathered using different statistical tools to answer questions of interest.	

#### 9. WORKPLAN

# 9.1 Methodology

Individual and team participation is encouraged to present their ideas, motivating them with additional points in the different stages of the course evaluation.

# 9.2 Theory Sessions

The theory sessions are held in master classes with activities including active learning and roleplay to allow students to internalize the concepts.

# 9.3 Practical Sessions

The practical sessions are held in class where a series of exercises and/or practical concepts are developed through problem solving, problem solving, specific exercises and/or in application contexts.

# 10. EVALUATION SYSTEM

\*\*\*\*\*\* EVALUATION MISSING \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# 11. BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

[Men14] Beaver Mendenhall. Introducción a la probabilidad y estadística. 13th. Cengage Learning, 2014.

[MRo14] Sheldon M.Ross. Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists. 5th. Academic Press, 2014.