

# Peruvian Computing Society (SPC)

School of Computer Science Sillabus 2021-I

#### 1. COURSE

CS281. Computing in Society (Mandatory)

#### 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Credits : 2

**2.2 Theory Hours** : 2 (Weekly)

2.3 Practice Hours : -

2.4 Duration of the period : 16 weeks
2.5 Type of course : Mandatory
2.6 Modality : Face to face
2.7 Prerrequisites : None

# 3. PROFESSORS

Meetings after coordination with the professor

#### 4. INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE

It offers a wide vision of the ethical and professional aspects related to computing. The topics included cover ethical, social and political aspects. The moral dimensions of computing. The methods and tools of analysis. Administration of computer resources. Security and control of computer systems. Professional and ethical responsibilities. Intellectual property.

#### 5. GOALS

- Make the student understand the importance of care and ethics in the transfer and use of information.
- To instill in the student that the trends of technological improvement should not lead to the degradation of the morals of society.

# 6. COMPETENCES

- f) An ability to communicate effectively. (Familiarity)
- g) The broad education necessary to understand the impact of computing solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context. (Usage)
- ñ) Understand that the formation of a good professional is not disconnected or opposed but rather contributes to genuine personal growth. This requires the assimilation of solid values, broad spiritual horizons and a deep vision of the cultural environment. (Usage)
- o) Improve the conditions of society by putting technology at the service of the human being. (Usage)

# 7. SPECIFIC COMPETENCES

 $\blacksquare NoSpecificOutcomes \blacksquare$ 

# 8. TOPICS

Unit 1: History (2)		
Competences Expected: f,g		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Prehistory, the world before 1946</li> <li>History of computer hardware, software, networking</li> <li>Pioneers of computing</li> <li>History of the Internet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify significant continuing trends in the history of the computing field [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify the contributions of several pioneers in the computing field [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the historical context for several programming language paradigms [Familiarity]</li> <li>Compare daily life before and after the advent of personal computers and the Internet [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	
Readings: $[LL04]$ , $[McL00]$		

	personal computers and the Internet [Familiarity]	
<b>Readings</b> : [LL04], [McL00]		
Unit 2: Social Context (4) Competences Expected: f,g		
<ul> <li>Social implications of computing in a networked world</li> <li>Impact of social media on individualism, collectivism and culture</li> <li>Growth and control of the Internet</li> <li>Often referred to as the digital divide, differences in access to digital technology resources and its resulting ramifications for gender, class, ethnicity, geography, and/or underdeveloped countries</li> <li>Accessibility issues, including legal requirements</li> <li>Context-aware computing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe positive and negative ways in which computer technology (networks, mobile computing, cloud computing) alters modes of social interaction at the personal level [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify developers' assumptions and values embedded in hardware and software design, especially as they pertain to usability for diverse populations including under-represented populations and the disabled [Usage]</li> <li>Interpret the social context of a given design and its implementation [Assessment]</li> <li>Evaluate the efficacy of a given design and implementation using empirical data [Familiarity]</li> <li>Summarize the implications of social media on individualism versus collectivism and culture [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss how Internet access serves as a liberating force for people living under oppressive forms of government; explain how limits on Internet access are used as tools of political and social repression [Familiarity]</li> <li>Analyze the pros and cons of reliance on computing in the implementation of democracy (eg delivery of social services, electronic voting) [Familiarity]</li> <li>Describe the impact of the under-representation of diverse populations in the computing profession (eg,</li> </ul>	

industry culture, product diversity) [Usage]

• Explain the implications of context awareness in ubiquitous computing systems [Familiarity]

Readings: [LL04], [McL00]

Unit 3: Analytical Tools (2)		
Competences Expected: f,g,ñ		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Ethical argumentation</li> <li>Ethical theories and decision-making</li> <li>Moral assumptions and values</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluate stakeholder positions in a given situation [Familiarity]</li> <li>Analyze basic logical fallacies in an argument [Usage]</li> <li>Analyze an argument to identify premises and conclusion [Familiarity]</li> <li>Illustrate the use of example and analogy in ethical argument [Familiarity]</li> <li>Evaluate ethical/social tradeoffs in technical decisions [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	
<b>Readings</b> : [LL04], [McL00]		

#### Unit 4: Professional Ethics (4) Competences Expected: f,g,ñ Topics **Learning Outcomes** • Identify ethical issues that arise in software develop-• Community values and the laws by which we live ment and determine how to address them technically • The nature of professionalism including care, attenand ethically [Usage] tion and discipline, fiduciary responsibility, and mentoring • Explain the ethical responsibility of ensuring software correctness, reliability and safety. • Keeping up-to-date as a computing professional in ment] terms of familiarity, tools, skills, legal and professional framework as well as the ability to self-assess • Describe the mechanisms that typically exist for a and progress in the computing field professional to keep up-to-date [Familiarity] • Professional certification, codes of ethics, conduct, • Describe the strengths and weaknesses of relevant and practice, such as the ACM/IEEE-CS, SE, AITP, professional codes as expressions of professionalism IFIP and international societies and guides to decision-making [Familiarity] Accountability, responsibility and liability (e.g. soft-• Analyze a global computing issue, observing the role ware correctness, reliability and safety, as well as ethof professionals and government officials in managing ical confidentiality of cybersecurity professionals) this problem [Familiarity] • The role of the computing professional in public pol-• Evaluate the professional codes of ethics from the ACM, the IEEE Computer Society, and other organizations [Familiarity] • Maintaining awareness of consequences • Describe ways in which professionals may contribute • Ethical dissent and whistle-blowing to public policy [Familiarity] • The relationship between regional culture and ethical • Describe the consequences of inappropriate profesdilemmas sional behavior [Usage] • Dealing with harassment and discrimination • Identify progressive stages in a whistle-blowing incident [Usage] • Forms of professional credentialing • Identify examples of how regional culture interplays • Acceptable use policies for computing in the workwith ethical dilemmas [Familiarity] place • Investigate forms of harassment and discrimination • Ergonomics and healthy computing environments and avenues of assistance [Usage] • Time to market and cost considerations versus qual-• Examine various forms of professional credentialing ity professional standards [Usage] • Explain the relationship between ergonomics in computing environments and people's health [Usage]

• Develop a computer usage/acceptable use policy

 Describe issues associated with industries' push to focus on time to market versus enforcing quality pro-

with enforcement measures [Familiarity]

fessional standards [Usage]

**Readings**: [LL04], [McL00], [Edi09a], [Edi09b], [Edi10]

Topics  Philosophical foundations of intellectual property Intellectual property rights (cross-reference IM/Information Storage and Retrieval/intellectual property and protection) Intangible digital intellectual property protection Intellectual property (IDIP) Integral foundations for intellectual property protection Intellectual property (IDIP) Integral foundations for intellectual property protection Intellectual property (IDIP) Integrated foundations for intellectual property protection Intellectual property (ISESSESSIMENT) Interpret the intent and digital copyright infringements (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software licensing (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Interpret the intent and implementation of software patents (Familiarity) Identify the goals of the open source movement (Assessment) Identify the goals of the open source movement (Assessment) Identify the global nature of software piracy (Familiarity) Identify the global nature of software piracy (Familiarity)	Unit 5: Intellectual Property (4)		
<ul> <li>Philosophical foundations of intellectual property</li> <li>Intellectual property rights (cross-reference IM/Information Storage and Retrieval/intellectual property and protection)</li> <li>Intangible digital intellectual property (IDIP)</li> <li>Legal foundations for intellectual property protection</li> <li>Digital rights management</li> <li>Copyrights, patents, trade secrets, trademarks</li> <li>Plagiarism</li> <li>Foundations of the open source movement</li> <li>Software piracy</li> <li>Discuss the philosophical bases of intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Discuss the rationale for the legal protection of intellectual property [Familiarity]</li> <li>Describe legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify contemporary examples of intangible digital intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Justify uses of copyrighted materials [Assessment] [Familiarity]</li> <li>Evaluate the ethical issues inherent in various plagiarism detection mechanisms [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the philosophical bases of intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Discuss the philosophical bases of intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Discuss the philosophical bases of intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Describe legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify contemporary examples of intangible digital intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Justify uses of copyrighted materials [Assessment]</li> <li>Evaluate the ethical issues inherent in various plagiarism detection mechanisms [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the philosophical bases of intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Identify the golas of the open source movement [Assessment]</li> <li>Identify the global nature of software piracy [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	Competences Expected: f,g,ñ		
<ul> <li>Intellectual property rights (cross-reference IM/Information Storage and Retrieval/intellectual property and protection)</li> <li>Intangible digital intellectual property (IDIP)</li> <li>Legal foundations for intellectual property protection</li> <li>Digital rights management</li> <li>Copyrights, patents, trade secrets, trademarks</li> <li>Plagiarism</li> <li>Foundations of the open source movement</li> <li>Software piracy</li> <li>Discuss the rationale for the legal protection of intellectual property [Familiarity]</li> <li>Describe legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify contemporary examples of intangible digital intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Justify uses of copyrighted materials [Assessment] [Familiarity]</li> <li>Interpret the intent and implementation of software licensing [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the issues involved in securing software patents [Familiarity]</li> <li>Characterize and contrast the concepts of copyright, patenting and trademarks [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify the goals of the open source movement [Assessment]</li> <li>Identify the global nature of software piracy [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	Topics	Learning Outcomes	
Pandings • 11 1 041   Mal 001   Fdi00s   Fdi00b   Fdi10	<ul> <li>Intellectual property rights (cross-reference IM/Information Storage and Retrieval/intellectual property and protection)</li> <li>Intangible digital intellectual property (IDIP)</li> <li>Legal foundations for intellectual property protection</li> <li>Digital rights management</li> <li>Copyrights, patents, trade secrets, trademarks</li> <li>Plagiarism</li> <li>Foundations of the open source movement</li> <li>Software piracy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>erty [Assessment]</li> <li>Discuss the rationale for the legal protection of intellectual property [Familiarity]</li> <li>Describe legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Assessment]</li> <li>Critique legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify contemporary examples of intangible digital intellectual property [Assessment]</li> <li>Justify uses of copyrighted materials [Assessment] [Familiarity]</li> <li>Evaluate the ethical issues inherent in various plagiarism detection mechanisms [Familiarity]</li> <li>Interpret the intent and implementation of software licensing [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the issues involved in securing software patents [Familiarity]</li> <li>Characterize and contrast the concepts of copyright, patenting and trademarks [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify the goals of the open source movement [Assessment]</li> <li>Identify the global nature of software piracy [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	
iteatings : [LEO4], [MCEO0], [Edit030], [Edit01]			

# Unit 6: Privacy and Civil Liberties (4) Competences Expected: f,g,ñ Topics **Learning Outcomes** • Philosophical foundations of privacy rights • Discuss the philosophical basis for the legal protection of personal privacy [Familiarity] • Legal foundations of privacy protection • Evaluate solutions to privacy threats in transactional • Privacy implications of widespread data collecdatabases and data warehouses [Familiarity] tion for transactional databases, data warehouses, • Describe the role of data collection in the implemensurveillance systems, and cloud computing tation of pervasive surveillance systems (e.g., RFID, • Ramifications of differential privacy face recognition, toll collection, mobile computing). [Familiarity] • Technology-based solutions for privacy protection • Describe the ramifications of differential privacy. • Privacy legislation in areas of practice [Familiarity] • Civil liberties and cultural differences • Investigate the impact of technological solutions to • Freedom of expression and its limitations privacy problems [Familiarity] • Critique the intent, potential value and implementation of various forms of privacy legislation [Familiar-• Identify strategies to enable appropriate freedom of expression [Familiarity] Readings: [LL04], [McL00], [Edi09a], [Edi09b], [Edi10]

Unit 7: Security Policies, Laws and Computer Crimes (2)		
Competences Expected: f,g,ñ		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Examples of computer crimes and legal redress for computer criminals</li> <li>Social engineering, identity theft and recovery</li> <li>Issues surrounding the misuse of access and breaches in security</li> <li>Motivations and ramifications of cyber terrorism and criminal hacking, "cracking"</li> <li>Effects of malware, such as viruses, worms and Trojan horses</li> <li>Crime prevention strategies</li> <li>Security policies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>List classic examples of computer crimes and social engineering incidents with societal impact [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify laws that apply to computer crimes [Familiarity]</li> <li>Describe the motivation and ramifications of cyber terrorism and criminal hacking [Familiarity]</li> <li>Examine the ethical and legal issues surrounding the misuse of access and various breaches in security [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the professional's role in security and the trade-offs involved [Familiarity]</li> <li>Investigate measures that can be taken by both individuals and organizations including governments to prevent or mitigate the undesirable effects of computer crimes and identity theft [Familiarity]</li> <li>Write a company-wide security policy, which includes procedures for managing passwords and employee monitoring [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	
<b>Readings</b> : [LL04], [McL00], [Edi09a], [Edi09b], [Edi10]		

Unit 8: Economies of Computing (2)		
Competences Expected: f,g,ñ,o		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Monopolies and their economic implications</li> <li>Effect of skilled labor supply and demand on the quality of computing products</li> <li>Pricing strategies in the computing domain</li> <li>The phenomenon of outsourcing and off-shoring software development; impacts on employment and on economics</li> <li>Consequences of globalization for the computer science profession</li> <li>Differences in access to computing resources and the possible effects thereof</li> <li>Cost/benefit analysis of jobs with considerations to manufacturing, hardware, software, and engineering implications</li> <li>Cost estimates versus actual costs in relation to total costs</li> <li>Entrepreneurship: prospects and pitfalls</li> <li>Network effect or demand-side economies of scale</li> <li>Use of engineering economics in dealing with finances</li> </ul> Readings: [LL04], [McL00], [Edi09a], [Edi09b], [Edi10]	<ul> <li>Summarize the rationale for antimonopoly efforts [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify several ways in which the information technology industry is affected by shortages in the labor supply [Familiarity]</li> <li>Identify the evolution of pricing strategies for computing goods and services [Familiarity]</li> <li>Discuss the benefits, the drawbacks and the implications of off-shoring and outsourcing [Familiarity]</li> <li>Investigate and defend ways to address limitations on access to computing [Usage]</li> <li>Describe the economic benefits of network effects [Usage]</li> </ul>	
readings · [DD04], [McD00], [Dd1090], [Dd1090], [Dd110]		

#### 9. WORKPLAN

### 9.1 Methodology

Individual and team participation is encouraged to present their ideas, motivating them with additional points in the different stages of the course evaluation.

# 9.2 Theory Sessions

The theory sessions are held in master classes with activities including active learning and roleplay to allow students to internalize the concepts.

### 9.3 Practical Sessions

The practical sessions are held in class where a series of exercises and/or practical concepts are developed through problem solving, problem solving, specific exercises and/or in application contexts.

# 10. EVALUATION SYSTEM

\*\*\*\*\*\* EVALUATION MISSING \*\*\*

### 11. BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

[Edi09a] Datamation Ediciones, ed. Revista Datamation MC Ediciones. 2009.

[Edi09b] Datamation Ediciones, ed. Understanding the Digital Economy. 2009.

[Edi10] Datamation Ediciones, ed. Financial Times Mastering Information Management. 2010.

[LL04] Kenneth C. Laudon and Jane P. Laudon. Sistemas de Información Gerencial. Prentice Hall, 2004.

[McL00] Raymond McLeod Jr. Sistemas de Información Gerencial. Prentice Hall, 2000.